We will glance over some review topics and probably some new stuff for you.

College algebra

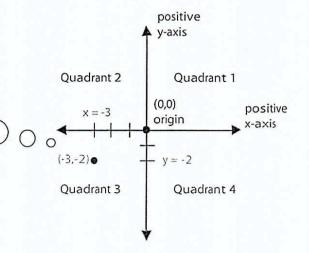
Intercepts and Symmetry (Section 2.2)

Cartesian Plane: The Cartesian plane (or simply the xy-plane) is shown below. Familiarize yourself with its parts. Remember a point's coordinates are alphabetical, x then y or (x, y).

. o O

The x coordinate tells you how far left or right from center the point is.

The y coordinate tells you how far up or down from center the point is.



Graphs of Equations: The graph of an equation in two variables shows us every point (x, y) that satisfies the equation (or makes it true). Consider the equation $y = x^2 - 3$. Complete the table below and then look at the graph I have provided.

What does the equation say about x and y?
How are they related?
Every point adheres to this relationship.

A complete graph shows all the intercepts and turns.

Start

What are they?

square -

Subtract 3

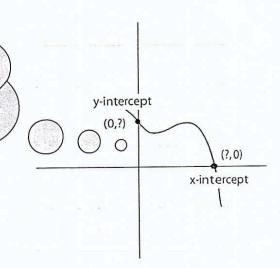
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Finding x- and y-intercepts: The x- and y-intercepts of a graph are where the graph intersects

the x and y axes.

Now, x and y intercepts occur on the axes. The one thing you know about any point on an axis, is that the other coordinate is zero. We'll use that with the equation to find the x and y intercepts.



expl 1: Find the (x and y) intercepts of 5x - 6y = 60. Quickly plot the intercepts and connect

them with a straight line to graph.

$$x-int$$
: $5x-6y = 60$
 $5x-6(0)=60$

$$5x = 60$$

$$(x=12)$$

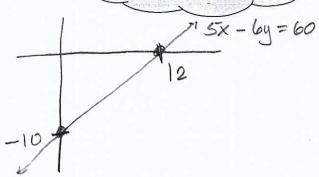
$$\frac{y-1/nt}{5x-6y=60}$$

$$5(0)-6y=60$$

$$-6y=60$$

y-intercept: Set x to 0 and solve for y.

° ° x-intercept: Set y to 0 and solve for x.



Worksheet: Things to know about your calculator:

This worksheet is a laundry list of things I have found useful over the years. Try out everything it mentions. Instructions for the TI83 should work for the TI84 calculators.

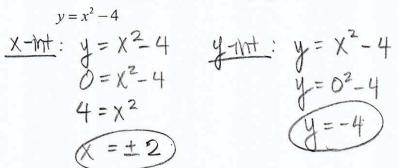
Worksheet: Getting started on your graphing calculator:

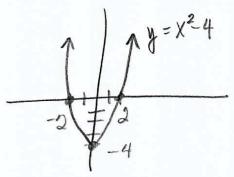
This is an introduction to home screen operations, graphing, window settings, and the TRACE function. Instructions for the TI83 should work for the TI84 calculators.

expl 2: Find the (x and y) intercepts of the following quadratic function. Quickly plot and connect them with a smooth curve to graph.

$$y = x^{2} - 4$$

 $x - \text{int}: y = x^{2} - 4$
 $0 = x^{2} - 4$
 $4 = x^{2}$
 $x = \pm 2$





Solving for a variable that is squared in the original equation:

This may seem straight-forward but can trip people up. We'll use the example below to illustrate.

expl 3: Find the y-intercept for $y^2 = x + 25$.

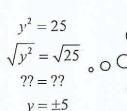
$$y^{2} = 0 + 25$$

 $y^{2} = 25$
 $y = \pm 5$

We need to solve $v^2 = 25$.

Your gut should tell you there are two answers but how do we get there algebraically?

Let's look more closely at $y^2 = 25$. Notice, both 5 and -5 make the equation true. We write this as $y = \pm 5$. Look at the solution below to see how the algebra works out.



Fill in the missing line. What is $\sqrt{25}$?

Answer this by putting numbers in for y.

y	$\sqrt{y^2}$
3.	19=3
6	V36 = 6
-3	V9=3
-6	V36 = 6

What is $\sqrt{y^2}$

when y could be any real number?

The inclusion of the ± sign (pronounced "plus or minus") is very important. I would like you to know why it happens, but in practice, we usually will not write the third line above. We will simply write

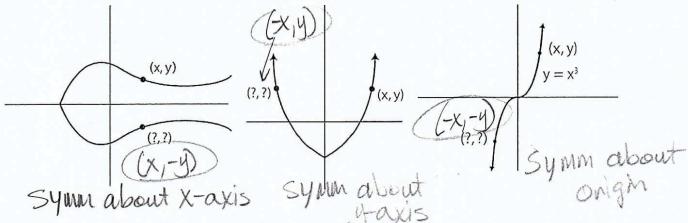
$$y^{2} = 25$$

$$\sqrt{y^{2}} = \sqrt{25}$$

$$y = \pm 5$$

Symmetry:

Notice the symmetric nature of the following graphs. Which one is a mirror image of itself across the y-axis? the x-axis? Which one could be rotated 180 degrees about the origin and it would lie upon itself?



Can you figure out the coordinates of the unknown points? Write your answers above.

Algebraic Tests for Symmetry:

The pictures above help justify the following tests.

To test a relationship for symmetry about the ...

x-axis: Replace y with -y. If the equation is equivalent, then the relationship is symmetric with respect to the x-axis.

y-axis: Replace x with -x. If the equation is equivalent, then the relationship is symmetric with respect to the y-axis.

origin: Replace x with -x and replace y with -y. If the equation is equivalent, then the relationship is symmetric with respect to the origin.

expl 4: Graph the equation and determine visually if it is symmetric with respect to the x-axis, y-axis, and/or origin.

a.)
$$y = |3x| + 4$$

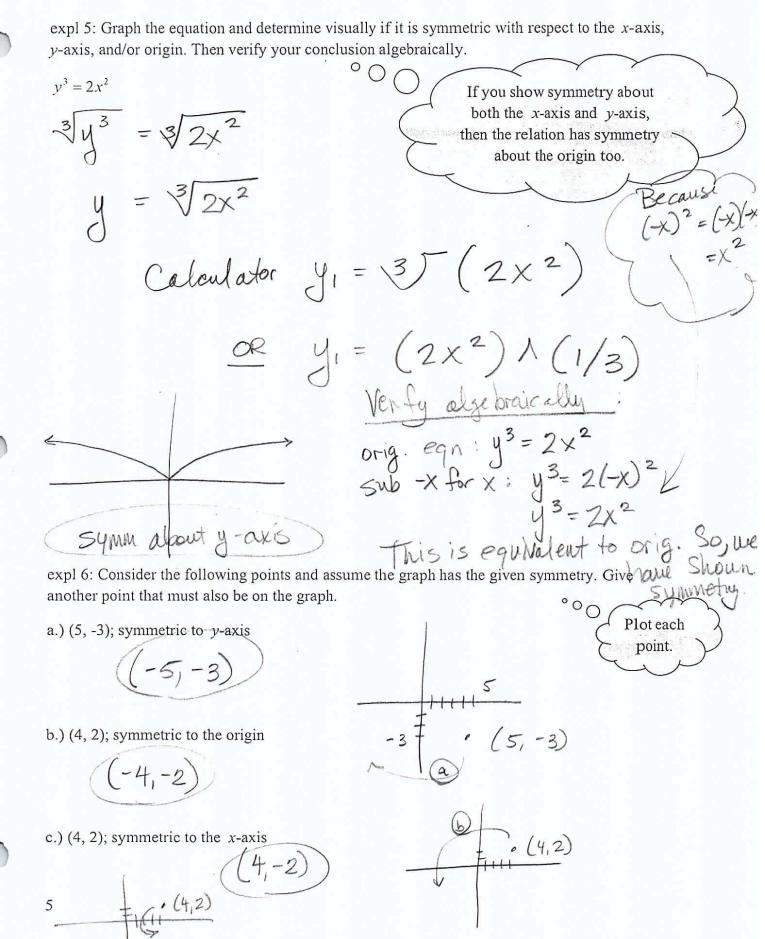
Symm

About

4

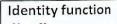
b.)
$$y = \frac{2}{x}$$

Symm about origin

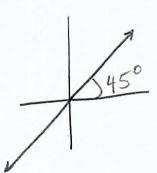


Graphing Key Equations:

We will want to have the picture of several functions in our heads as we go. We will work on this throughout the semester. Plotting the intercepts helps us quickly graph. Can you draw any graphs from memory? If not, use your calculator.

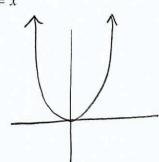


y = x



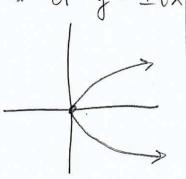
Square function

 $y = x^2$

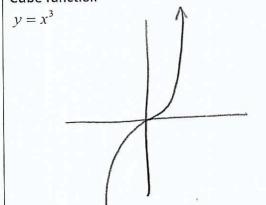


Square root relationship

=x 0



Cube function



Reciprocal function

 $y = \frac{1}{x}$

