We will look at what makes an exponential function increase or decrease. We will practice graphing these functions and using the $e$ button on the calculator. We will also review transformations.

1. Make up and draw a quick graph of an exponential function that increases. Be sure to write the function's formula down too. What about the formula tells you the graph will increase?
2. Find the following on your calculator. Round to three decimal places.
a.) $6 e^{4}$
b.) $5 e^{2}+3$
c.) $-4 e$
d.) $\left(\frac{1}{e^{2}}\right)^{2}$
3. Graph the following on the same set of axes. Use the window $[-5,5] \times[-1,10]$ for a closer look. Be sure to get the shapes correctly drawn (with horizontal asymptotes in mind). Your graphs should have accurate $y$-intercepts (use tick marks) and arrows on both ends. Label each function on the graph so we know which is which.
a.) $y=e^{x}$
b.) $y=e^{3 x}$
c.) $y=e^{x}+3$
4. For the previous question, you drew a mother function, $f(x)=e^{x}$, and two transformations of this mother function. Give the proper names of those transformations.

Transformation in part $b$ above:

Transformation in part $c$ above:

