We will look at what makes an exponential function increase or decrease. We will practice graphing these functions and using the e button on the calculator. We will also review transformations.

1. Make up and draw a quick graph of an exponential function that increases. Be sure to write the function's formula down too. What about the *formula* tells you the graph will increase?

2. Find the following on your calculator. Round to three decimal places.

a.) 
$$6e^{4}$$

b.) 
$$5e^2 + 3$$

d.) 
$$\left(\frac{1}{e^2}\right)^2$$

3. Graph the following on the same set of axes. Use the window [-5, 5] x [-1, 10] for a closer look. Be sure to get the shapes correctly drawn (with horizontal asymptotes in mind). Your graphs should have accurate y-intercepts (use tick marks) and arrows on both ends. Label each function on the graph so we know which is which.

a.) 
$$y = e^{x}$$

b.) 
$$y = e^{3x}$$

c.) 
$$y = e^x + 3$$

4. For the previous question, you drew a mother function,  $f(x) = e^x$ , and two transformations of this mother function. Give the proper names of those transformations.

Transformation in part b above:

Transformation in part c above: